

Nature is not a Workshop and Water is not a Means of Production

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Annotation

Climate change comes from the intensification of artificial evaporation.

Plowed fields, irrigated agriculture, artificial reservoirs, squares of cities and buildings, roads and mine dumps. Every square meter taken from nature becomes a vaporizer. Such areas are growing daily.

Raindrops hitting the asphalt return to the atmosphere after a few minutes. The production of almost all products requires quenching, washing, drying - all this is water that is instantly carried into the sky. Water has been deprived of its natural property - to fall into the soil and become a raw material for billions of insects and plants. Absorbing each other, they carry out repeatedly transformed drops to the surface and, evaporating from a leaf of a plant or the tongue of an animal, leave for the sky with a clear conscience from a work done in good faith.

There are more and more artificial vapors. Forming new clouds, they create numerous natural disasters - floods, cyclones, thunderstorms, hurricanes and pour out again in huge volumes. Vast territories are flooded, increasing new unnatural vapors. Thus, humanity itself destroys life on the planet.

More details: <http://www.scieniqpublishers.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/CLIMATE-CHANGE-AND-UNDERWATER-TECHNOLOGY-2.pdf>

The appearance, distribution, concentration, movement and numerous transitions of water into steam and back to the molecular state are the main driving force for the formation of precipitation. Or in the air is the main driving force for the formation of precipitation.

What controls precipitation, weather and the climate itself? To do this, look at their source - the sky. Precipitation is formed in the atmosphere from vapors. Water enters the atmosphere from the surface of the planet. A continuous flow of water into the atmosphere and back forms a hydrological cycle. Water molecules, rising into the atmosphere, in a state of gas, when accumulated in certain concentrations, temperatures, ratios of structures and properties, continuously alternate their phase state. The gas phase periodically and repeatedly changes its state, passing liquid, solid and vice versa. Under critical conditions, water drops or crystals return to the ground.

Are the molecules raised in the clouds the same? Do they have the same structure? Does the quality of the gas phase and its volumes, properties depend on the conditions of transition from the liquid and solid phases from the soil surface? Can the vapor from the surface of the ocean, from the breath of a living being, from transpiration of a plant be the same? Do atmospheric transformations depend on the quality of water vapor? What is the state and properties of the molecular structures of water in the atmosphere, what is happening above our heads, what determines the state of the cloud cover. Reflections and the search for answers to such questions lead to interesting studies and assumptions in explaining the nature of precipitation and climate change.

With increasing volumes, the clouds thicken, increase in thickness and area, block the flow of solar radiation. In this state, they can hang from several hours to several days, and nobody knows what happens there. However, it can be noted that the clouds move along certain specific routes and precipitation falls at approximately the same places, in certain volumes, at a certain time. These signs show what has happened for millions of years in processes related to water and its circuit. Life on earth depends on precipitation and its volume. The regularity of precipitation in the same places creates various humid environments in which various plants and animals appear. Is it not from this that different habitats were created with the corresponding species of plants and animals in certain zones and did the tropics, deserts, steppes, forests form?

The distribution and stability of all habitats on the planet shows that clouds follow in accordance with their laws. And these laws developed and improved before the development of civilization. A man, saw a workshop in nature, began to use its components to increase his comfort. Words of the great classic - A. Turgenev "Nature is not a temple, but a workshop and the person in it is a worker" became a strategy in relation to nature.

Mankind has begun to influence this workshop in a wide variety of ways. Destruction of forests, plowing of land, watering by reservoirs, filling up areas with garbage and ore landfills, burning oxygen, fuel and moisture in the air, using water in technological and communal processes. All these types of work are united by a single and most important consequence of environmental impact - a change in the quality of water vapor. The water mystery and its secrets have not yet been studied, not investigated. Not studied and evaporation.

The main links in the movement and transformation of water in the cycle are:

- Evaporation of water from oceans, open reservoirs, from all land - soil, from snow and ice cover, from transpiration of plants, from the secretions and breaths of all living things.
- Consolidation, concentration, mixing, interaction of many molecules of various fumes, create a variety of atmospheric conditions with their temperatures, pressures, and electromagnetic fields.
- Chemical and physical processes in the atmosphere, as a result of which, water molecules pass into a gaseous, liquid droplet and solid state, lead to the formation of clouds.
- Precipitation of liquid and solid phases of different volumes and in different places with the manifestation of diverse activities in the form of rains, snowfalls, cyclones, hurricanes.
- Precipitation on land settles on glaciers, forms streams, replenishes rivers, goes underground and flows into the seas and oceans.
- Moving masses of water along rivers and underground channels dissolve minerals and decaying organic matter.
- A significant part of these solutions enters the roots of plants, nourish animals. Part of the water with salts remains in organisms and plants for long periods, for example, in growing bones and wood. But the main moisture in the body does not stay, its most part regularly and gradually comes out with secretions, exhalation, transpiration. These organic vapors have their own distinctive natural properties.
- Combining with the vapors from the oceans, organic waste creates its own local substance over each area, forms both clouds.

This feature is a local substance in atmospheric transformations and created life on the planet. The volumes and frequency of precipitation have stabilized over millions of years, and a comfortable distribution of moisture has appeared for everything on the planet.

A third of the entire planet's surface is land. The common notion that the seas and oceans, which cover 2/3 of the entire planet, therefore evaporate most of the water, is a myth. It was found that, if we summarize the transpiration surface of the vegetation of all land, then the entire area of evaporation from land becomes equal to the area of the entire surface of the oceans and seas - <https://vuzlit.ru/984043/transpiratsiya#597>. This fact should introduce new ideas and concepts about the ratio of fumes. And the role of evaporation in sedimentation. The quality, quantity and rate of evaporation are essential components of atmospheric transformations.

A third of the entire surface of the planet is the earth. The widespread belief that the seas and oceans that cover 2/3 of the entire planet, therefore evaporate most of the water, is a myth. It turned out that if we summarize the transpiration surface of the vegetation of the whole land, then the entire area from which the water evaporates becomes equal to the area of the entire water area: <https://vuzlit.ru/984043/transpiratsiya#597>. This leads to new ideas and concepts about the ratio of vapors and the role of evaporation in sedimentation. The quality, quantity and rate of evaporation are important components of atmospheric transformation.

Each hectare of land inhabits 20 tons of underground living creatures with their own water needs, after which all this moisture is returned to the atmosphere by waste products. This is the most important link in the water cycle. Water is processed, purified from minerals and acquires a structure with

its individual properties of each essence, each plant in each form. Gas-liquid emissions from a living creature and plants are not just H₂O molecules. This molecular structure with its properties, for example, odors, pheromones, volatile. It differs significantly from a water molecule raised from the surface of the water or from asphalt and a drying washed object. In nature, this feature has its purpose. It is necessary for the orientation and search for partners, victims, preservation and life of procreation. The differences are used in modern medicine - a person's health status is diagnosed by the quality of his waste - expiration, other secretions. A variety of secretions is necessary for further programming of the actions and path of moisture in the atmosphere.

The appearance of man and the increase in water consumption by him went beyond the limits of natural necessity. A man enslaved water and began to use it not only and not so much for drinking as for increasing his comfort. Water began to perform unusual functions that were not, and are not in nature itself, on such a scale. We turned water into a means of transferring heat, energy, transport, a purifier, a solvent, a cooler, a product. They began to compress, boil, sell, dissolve various substances in it, wash it with everything and everything. The volumes of water enslavement have grown so much that they have become commensurate with natural fumes. Quantity goes into quality - clouds of a new kind began to change the water cycle itself. The rationale for this may be the following information: <https://vyvoz.org/>: "... More than 75% of the Earth's land area has already been degraded, and by 2050 this figure may exceed 90%. Land degradation is a process that degrades soil quality due to aspects such as land misuse, agriculture and pasture, urban or industrial targets ... "

To this should be added that water, falling on such soil, does not find its natural consumer and, bypassing the transformation link, evaporates back into the atmosphere, practically without changes. The process of the circuit, shortened by an entire link, on three quarters of the entire land remained unnoticed by a person. But not by nature.

There is evidence that we take 23 cubic kilometers or about 10% of all fresh water from nature for our needs and technological processes. Each drop of such water evaporates immediately, upon heating, after use, after discharge into the sewer and sludge in treatment tanks. Natural reservoirs, for example, the Aral Sea, began to disappear:

https://zen.yandex.ru/media/lubopitnij_facti/aralskaia-katastrofa-prichiny-i-posledstviia-gibeli-odnogo-iz-samyh-krupnyh-vodoemov-5a79aa219d5cb3539bae62dd



The volumes and speed of such unnatural vapors, let us call them artificial, were beyond the scope of attention. 10% of all fresh water on land is a fairly tangible part of nature, which is growing

every day, with every new power plant, new technology. There is no comparative analysis of the volumes and rates of evaporation in the pre-industrial era and at present. Without citing scientific research, on the basis of sound reasoning, we can conclude that evaporation from boiling water, asphalt, drying after washing, sewage, cooling in cooling towers did not exist in nature in principle. These are all artificial vapors.

<https://acs-nnov.ru/gradirni-tec.html>:



As a new quality of moisture in the atmosphere, the volume and speed of the circuit with artificial vapors affect atmospheric transformations is not known. However, we all see and suffer from changes in the patterns of precipitation.

Artificial vapors become prevailing over, historically, fumes from biota. Substance has changed cloudy th cover, its qualities, its volumes, speeds and routes of movement. The result is an excess of rainfall in some places with catastrophic floods, droughts and fires in others. The mechanism of water distribution over areas has broken. Clouds, burdened by artificial fumes, do not reach the mountain and polar glaciers, spilling precipitation along the way, replenishing the level of the oceans. Therefore, it is logical to make an assumption or hypothesis that artificial fumes distorted the processes of precipitation in the atmosphere, the water cycle itself and began to change the climate.

It should be taken into account that the quality and quantity of output vapors and emissions is purely individual for each of the billions of consumers. The number and species of plants and animals characterize their habitat, and, apparently, in their own way affect the substance of the clouds and atmospheric transformations.

All biota vapors are structures that form their own individual composition in the atmosphere above each geographical point. In the process of atmospheric transformations, many factors are involved. The quality, volume and frequency of the formation of a gas-liquid substance of water in the clouds, quite possibly, are the basis of precipitation and climate, participate in determining the time, place and amount of precipitation and cause an immediate reaction to their changes. We do not see the differences between the vapors, but we feel their effects on ourselves - changes in the graphs, geography and precipitation volumes, we see the death of biota and the increase in natural disasters.

It may not be too late to stop these imbalances. For this, returning water to its natural functions and freeing it from slavery is enough. Many anthropogenic impacts on nature, such as burning fuel with air humidity, deforestation, plowing fields, mining and non-metallic minerals, construction of reservoirs, cities and roads - each such intervention in nature makes a significant contribution to the increase in water in the atmosphere. It is necessary to reduce the consumption of water in all types

of its consumption, in all technological processes. Now the processes of artificial evaporation of water are increasing with menacing acceleration. New cities and constructions are being built, rivers are turning, canals are breaking through, millions of different methods and devices of artificial evaporation are invented and manufactured - irons and humidifiers, washing, washing, drying, quenching, cooling devices.

If we want to leave our descendants a well-maintained planet, we must stop the uncontrolled flow of water. Each type of water consumption should be reviewed from the perspective of returning its natural principles. It should not be good wishes and appeals, cares for nature in the form of warnings about closing faucets, but a single planetary strategy with a radical revision of the principles of water use.

The prioritization in the UN report does not see and does not solve such a problem.

<https://e.mail.ru/attach/15861731121030017273/0%3B0/?folder-id=500013&x-email=7115215%40mail.ru>

Presentation of the UN World Water Resources Report March 22 (2020) Paris / Geneva, March 22. Climate change will negatively impact the availability, quality and quantity of water resources needed to meet basic human needs, thereby undermining the enjoyment of fundamental rights to safe drinking water and sanitation for billions of people.

This is the main message of the United Nations World Water Development Report. The assertion that climate negatively affects water resources - this is a cart in front of the horse - the cause and effect are reversed. Water forms a climate, but not climate has a negative impact on water. It was our impact on water resources that changed the water cycle and, as a result, climate change began. Not a person should have the right to safe drinking water, but water should have the right to fulfill his natural functions.

Humanity can affect water resources, and water resources form the climate. "Fundamental rights to safe drinking water" is the same right as any living creature and nature does not take it away, but, now, the addition about sanitation is a mistake of mankind. The enslavement of water is not provided for by nature. A man, as a child of nature, can have rights only to drink water, but not to other needs. It is necessary to rebuild this thesis on "Fundamental rights of water in nature" to save the lives of billions of people and biota.

It is not the climate that affects the availability, quality and quantity of water resources, but the unnatural for nature destruction of water resources affects the evaporation, and evaporation - the climate. Satisfying basic human needs should be provided only by the natural need for only drinking. Everything else should be reduced to a minimum. Of course, not immediately, but we must begin to move in this direction. We must begin to move very intensively. Otherwise, collapse, natural disasters increase in frequency, geography and increase in volume.

It is necessary to radically change the attitude to water at all levels of life and life of the entire population of the planet.

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